

Banking Management System Database

Designed, developed, and implemented by Xinheng Lu

Project Objectives

The purpose of this project is to design, develop, and implement a Database Tier using Oracle 11g and Oracle SQL Developer for an application named *EZBanking.com* in order to manage customers, bank accounts, transactions, loans, etc. in different banking locations around the world.

Planning Phase – Business Requirements

NYCTech Bank global bank with \$14.1 billion in assets & \$2.3 billion in market capital. NYCTech Bank operates 600 branches throughout the US and another 300 internationally in addition to 7000 ATM machines in branches and other public and business locations. With branch in US, Canada, Mexico, UK, Japan & Australia. For example, New York City has two branches in Manhattan, one in Brooklyn and two in Queens. It has 6800 employees and is the 40th largest bank in the US. It is one of the few banks that can credibly describe themselves as conservative with consistent shareholder retention.

Customers make banking transactions on their bank accounts at banking locations throughout the world. Transactions include getting their account balance, making deposits & withdraws from their accounts, in addition to transferring money from one account to another. There are only two types of banking locations, bank branches and ATM machines. A bank branch is identified by a banking location id, banking location address which is composed of number-street, city, state, zip code & country. In addition, a unique branch number, branch name, the branch manager's name composed of manager first name & manager last name, branch phone number and email address. For example, we have a branch in Brooklyn USA whose banking Location id is 7844, located at 323 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn New York, 11223, USA branch number is 1010 and name Flatbush NYCTech Bank, managed by Carol Mathews, phone number 1-718-823-2100 and email *Flatbush-branch@nyctechbank.com*.

An ATM location is identified also by a banking location id, banking location address which is composed of number-street, city, state, zip code & country. In addition, a unique ATM Number an ATM cash limit. A banking location such as a branch may or may not have an ATM on premise, or a banking location may just be an ATM residing offsite from a branch, situated in other places such as shopping centers, airports, railways stations and other retail locations. Therefore, these banking locations can reside together or separate from each other. A banking location is either a branch or ATM, there are no other types of banking locations we have.

NYCTech Bank offers its banking services to primarily two types of customers, corporate/commercial & an individual person. A customer is identified by a customer ID, customer address which is composed of number-street & name, city, state, zip code and country. In addition, email address, phone number, person's name composed of (first & last) social security number, date of birth, mobile number, person age, gender and beneficiary in case of death. A consumer/person customer can have more than one beneficiary. Each beneficiary must have beneficiary's social security number, first name, last name and date of birth. Note that a beneficiary can be beneficiary to more than one bank customer. In addition, a customer has a company name if the customer is a corporate customer, their unique company federal tax id and finally company primary contact composed of contact name, contact phone number & email. A customer must be either a person, corporation or other, therefore there are other types of customers we need to track other than a person or corporation such as governments etc., but for now such customer types is out of scope.

Customers usually have two types of what we call simple bank accounts, which are checking and savings. For a checking account, we need to store the account number, present balance, available balance, account status ID or ID of the status which is described and stored in account status description with values: opened, closed, suspended, etc. In addition, service charge, overdraft protection status (activated, deactivated) and overdraft protection limit. For a savings account we need to capture the account number, present balance, available balance, account status ID or ID of the status which is described and stored in account status description with values: opened, closed, suspended, etc. In addition, interest rate and excessive withdraw penalty charge, which is a charge when a customer withdraws more than 10 times in one month. Note that there are other

types of accounts other than checking or savings that need to be tracked such as credit card accounts etc. Details on these types of accounts will be added in future versions of the application, for now we just need to store them as accounts storing only their account number, available & present balances etc.

A customer makes a banking transaction to an account at a banking location. A customer can make any number of transactions to any banking locations (branch or ATM). Likewise, a banking location can receive many transactions from different customers. A transaction includes getting checking or savings account balances, deposits to checking or savings accounts, transfers to and from checking and savings accounts. When a customer makes a banking transaction at a banking location, we need to capture a transaction id, transaction type ID or ID number assigned to the transaction executed and described and stored in transaction type description whose values are as follows: Checking-Balance, Checking-Deposit, Checking-Withdraw, Savings-Balance, Savings-Deposit, Savings-Withdraw, Transfer-Savings-to-Checking, Transfer-Checking-to-Savings. In addition, we need to capture transaction amount, date of transaction and time of transaction.

To be a customer, a customer must create/open a Bank Account at a local Branch, which becomes the customer primary branch. When the account is opened, we need to capture the date the account was opened, date account is closed and the type of account created (Checking, Savings or other).

Corporate customers must be assigned a personal banker. This will be one bank employee that will address and provide customer service to the corporate customer. The personal banker is identified by a banker id, banker name (first & last), banker contact information (phone number & email). Note that personal bankers are not dedicated to one customer but must have at least one corporate customer to be a personal banker.

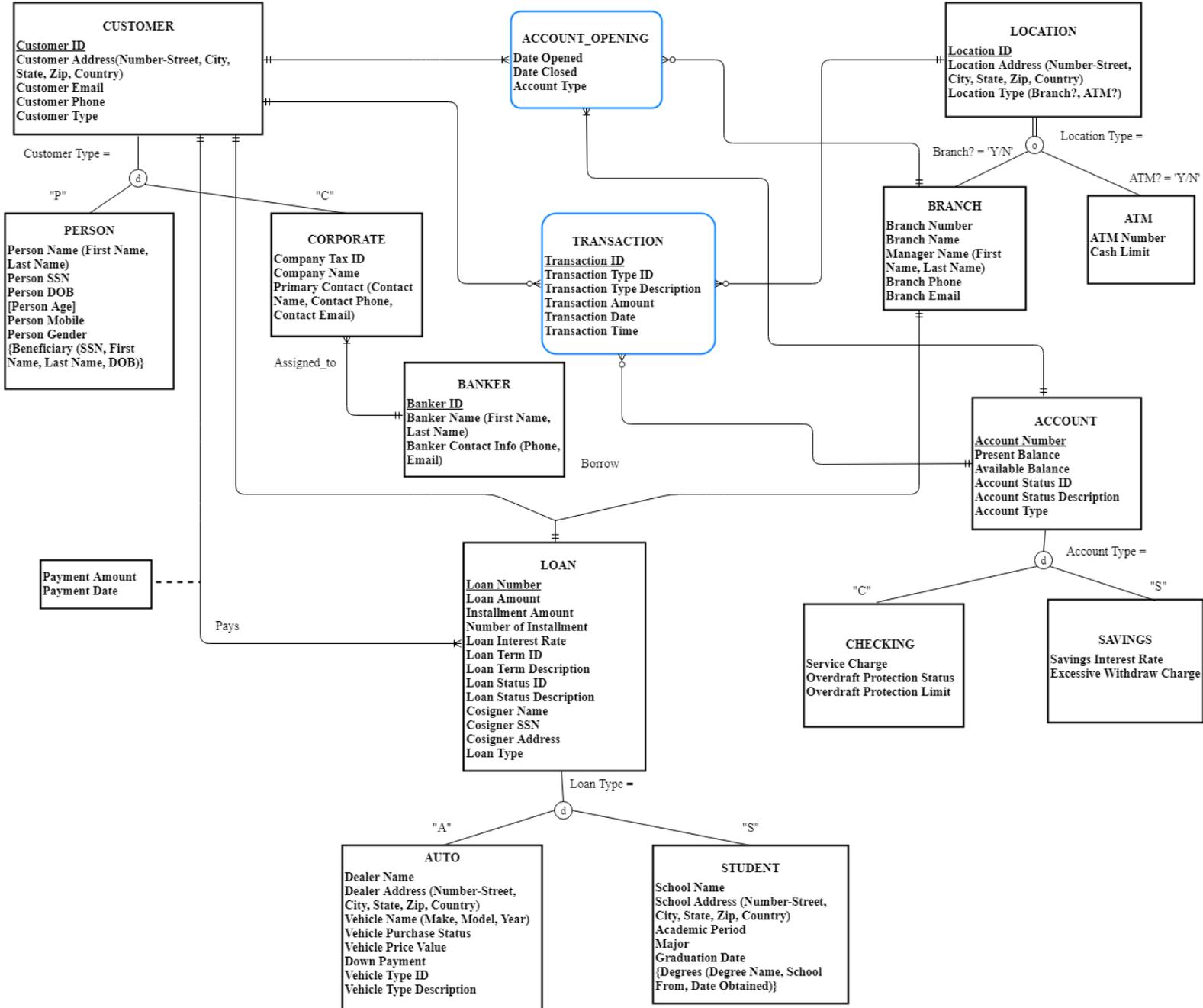
Our bank also provides loan services such as student, auto and other types of loans. A student loan is identified by a loan number, loan amount, monthly installment amount, number of installments, interest rate, loan term ID or ID number assigned and stored in loan term description whose values are: 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 years etc. In addition, loan status ID or number assigned and stored in the attribute loan status description with values such as: approved, in progress, defaulted, delinquent, paid in full, refinanced, death, etc. Other attributes include co-signers name, co-signers social security number and co-signer address, school name, school address composed of number-street & name, city, state, zip code and country. In addition to academic period of loan (Fall 2016 through Spring 2017, etc.), major, estimated graduation date and finally academic degrees student has obtained. Note that students can have many academic degrees and for each degree we need to store the degree, school degree is from, and date degree was obtained.

For an auto loan, we store the loan number which identifies the loan, total loan amount, installment amount, number of installments, interest rate, loan term ID or ID number assigned and stored in loan term description whose values are: 1 year, 3 years, 5 years, 10 years etc. In addition, loan status ID or number assigned and stored in the attribute loan status description with values such as: in progress, defaulted, delinquent, paid in full, refinanced, death, etc. Other attributes include co-signers name, co-signers social security number and co-signer address, auto dealer name, dealer address composed of number-street & name, city, state, zip code and country, vehicle name composed of make, model and year. In addition to vehicle purchase status (new, pre-owned), vehicle full price value, down payment, vehicle type ID which is a number assigned to a vehicle type that is stored in the attribute vehicle type description with values such as passenger car, commercial vehicle, SUV, Truck, etc.

To borrow a loan, a customer must borrow a loan at a local branch. That branch will manage the loan going forward. Customers also make payments to a loan. To make payments the customer must have a loan and can make payments to one or more loans they have, nevertheless, a loan can only belong to one customer. When a payment is made, we need to capture the payment amount and date of payment.

Analysis Phase – EER Conceptual Model Diagram

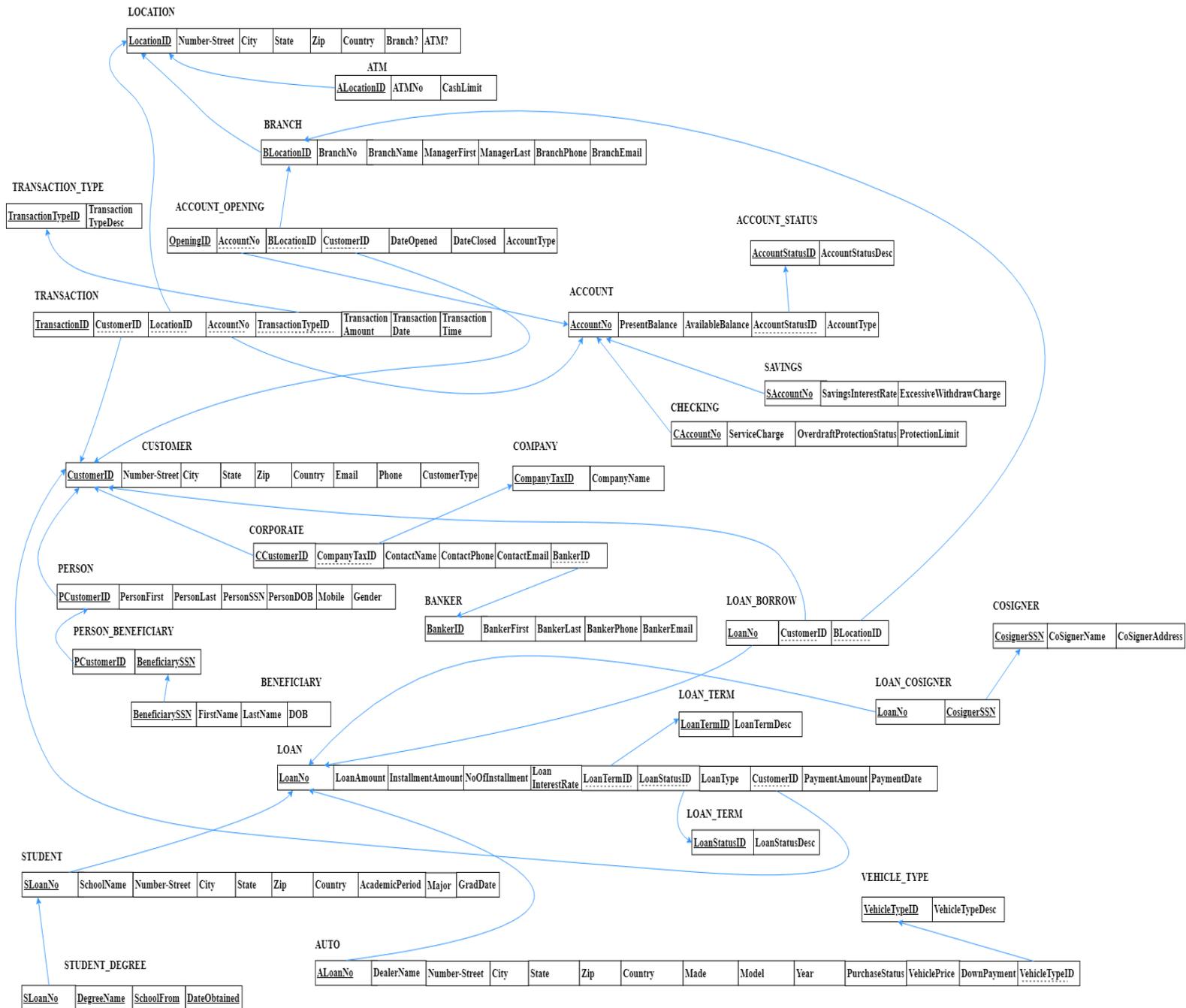
Taken from the business requirements, this phase will create different entities along with their attributes, capture relationships between those entities, and analyze the number of occurrence that is allowed in each entity. The deliverable is shown below.



- Assumed that the cardinality between **BRANCH** and **ACCOUNT_OPENING** is optional many because a branch does not have to participate in an account opening event to be a branch

Design Phase – Normalized Logical Model Diagram

This phase will convert and normalize the EER model from the analysis phase to a Normalized Logical Model representing different tables with relational keys and attributes in the future database system. Based on all specifications and requirements, transitive dependencies are found in TRANSACTION, ACCOUNT, CORPORATE, LOAN, and AUTO tables. After executing third normal form, the final version of Normalized Logical Model is shown below.



- Assumed that person's date of birth can represent person's age, thus, person age is opted out in PERSON table
- Assumed that an account opening is identified by an opening ID
- Assumed that a loan can have any number of cosigner and a cosigner can cosigner more than one loan

Design Phase – Data Dictionary

In this phase, a Data Dictionary will be created containing information such as datatype and constraints about attributes of all the Normalized Logical Models created in previous step.

LOCATION					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a location instance
Number-Street	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	Location address number and street name
City	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	City/Town name
State	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	State/Province name
Zip	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	10	NOT NULL	Zip/Postal code
Country	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Country name
Branch?	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	If the location is a branch (Y/N)
ATM?	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	If the location is an ATM (Y/N)

- Using VARCHAR2 for State is because country like Mexico and Japan has more than two characters for their states
- Using VARCHAR2 for Zip is because postal code in Canada or other countries is comprised of characters and numbers

BRANCH					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
BLocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a branch instance (Foreign Key of LOCATION table)
BranchNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	NOT NULL, UNIQUE	Unique number for a branch instance
BranchName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	70	NOT NULL	Branch name
ManagerFirst	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Manager first name
ManagerLast	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Manager last name
BranchPhone	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Branch phone number
BranchEmail	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	70	NOT NULL	Branch email

ATM					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
ALocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Primary Key	Unique identifier for an ATM instance (Foreign Key of LOCATION table)
ATMNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	NOT NULL, UNIQUE	Unique number for an ATM instance
CashLimit	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	NOT NULL	Maximum withdrawal amount for an ATM

CUSTOMER					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
CustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a customer instance
Number-Street	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	Customer address number and street name
City	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	City/Town name
State	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	State/Province name
Zip	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	10	NOT NULL	Zip/Postal code
Country	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Country name
Email	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	Customer email
Phone	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Customer phone number
CustomerType	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	Customer Type

PERSON					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
PCustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a person instance (Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table)
PersonFirst	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Person first name
PersonLast	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Person last name
PersonSSN	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL, UNIQUE	Person Social Security Number
PersonDOB	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Person Date of Birth
Mobile	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Person mobile number
Gender	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	Person gender (M/F)

- Using size 20 for PersonSSN is because SSN in other countries is comprised of more than nine characters/digits

BENEFICIARY					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
BeneficiarySSN	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Primary Key	Beneficiary social security number
FirstName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Beneficiary first name
LastName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Beneficiary last name
DOB	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Beneficiary Date of Birth

PERSON_BENEFICIARY					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
PCustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Primary Key	Foreign Key of PERSON table

BeneficiarySSN	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Primary Key	Foreign Key of BENEFICIARY table
CORPORATE					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
CCustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a corporate instance (Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table)
CompanyTaxID	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Foreign Key NOT NULL	Company federal tax ID (Foreign Key of COMPANY table)
ContactName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Contact name
ContactPhone	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Contact phone number
ContactEmail	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	Contact email
BankerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of banker who is assigned to this corporate customer (Foreign Key of BANKER table)

COMPANY					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
CompanyTaxID	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a company instance
CompanyName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	NOT NULL	Company name

BANKER					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
BankerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a banker instance
BankerFirst	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Banker first name
BankerLast	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Banker last name
BankerPhone	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Banker phone number
BankerEmail	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	70	NOT NULL	Banker email

ACCOUNT					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
AccountNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	15	Primary Key	Unique identifier for an account instance
PresentBalance	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(10,2)	NOT NULL	Present Balance
AvailableBalance	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(10,2)	NOT NULL	Available Balance
AccountStatusID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of account status (Foreign Key of ACCOUNT_STATUS table)

AccountType	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	Account Type
--------------------	-----------	----------	---	----------	--------------

ACCOUNT_STATUS					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
AccountStatusID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Primary Key	Unique identifier for an account status instance
AccountStatusDesc	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	15	NOT NULL	Account status description

CHECKING					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
CAccountNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	15	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a checking instance (Foreign Key of ACCOUNT table)
ServiceCharge	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(4,2)	NOT NULL	Service charge
OverdraftProtectionStatus	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	11	NOT NULL	Overdraft protection status (activated, deactivated)
ProtectionLimit	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(10,2)	NULL	Overdraft protection limit

SAVINGS					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
SAccountNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	15	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a savings instance (Foreign Key of ACCOUNT table)
SavingsInterestRate	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(3,2)	NOT NULL	Interest rate
ExcessiveWithdrawCharge	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(4,2)	NOT NULL	Excessive withdraw penalty over 10 times in a month

ACCOUNT_OPENING					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
OpeningID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Primary Key	Unique identifier for an account_opening instance
AccountNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	15	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of account that was opened (Foreign Key of ACCOUNT table)
BLocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of branch that was opened at (Foreign Key of BRANCH table)

CustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of customer who opened (Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table)
DateOpen	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Date account opened
DateClosed	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Date account closed
AccountType	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Account Type

TRANSACTION					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
TransactionID	Number	NUMBER (X)	8	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a transaction instance
CustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of customer who performed (Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table)
LocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of location where was performed at (Foreign Key of LOCATION table)
AccountNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	15	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of account that was performed for (Foreign Key of ACCOUNT table)
TransactionTypeID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of transaction type (Foreign Key of TRANSACTION_TYPE table)
TransactionAmount	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(10,2)	NOT NULL	Transaction amount
TransactionDate	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Transaction date
TransactionTime	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	NOT NULL	Transaction type

TRANSACTION_TYPE					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
TransactionTypeID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key	Unique identifier for a transaction_type instance
TransactionTypeDesc	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Transaction type description

LOAN					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a loan instance
LoanAmount	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(9,2)	NOT NULL	Loan amount
InstallmentAmount	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(9,2)	NOT NULL	Monthly payment amount

NoOfInstallment	Number	NUMBER (X)	3	NOT NULL	Number of months to pay off
InterestRate	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(3,2)	NOT NULL	Loan interest rate
LoanTermID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of loan term (Foreign Key of LOAN_TERM table)
LoanStatusID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of loan status (Foreign Key of LOAN_STATUS table)
LoanType	Character	CHAR (X)	1	NOT NULL	Loan Type
CustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Foreign Key NOT NULL	Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table
PaymentAmount	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(9,2)	NOT NULL	Payment amount
PaymentDate	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY YY	NOT NULL	Payment date

COSIGNER					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
CosignerSSN	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a cosigner instance
CosignerName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Cosigner full name
CosignerAddress	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	150	NOT NULL	Cosigner full address

LOAN_COSIGNER					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Foreign Key of LOAN table
CosignerSSN	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	Primary Key	Foreign Key of COSIGNER table

LOAN_TERM					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LoanTermID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a loan term instance
LoanTermDesc	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	10	NOT NULL	Loan term description

LOAN_STATUS					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LoanStatusID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a loan status instance
LoanStatusDesc	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Loan status description

AUTO					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
ALoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Unique identifier for an auto loan instance (Foreign Key of LOAN table)
DealerName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	NOT NULL	Auto dealer name
Number-Street	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	dealer address number and street name
City	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	City/Town name
State	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	State/Province name
Zip	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	10	NOT NULL	Zip/Postal code
Country	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Country name
Made	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Vehicle made
Model	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	20	NOT NULL	Vehicle model
Year	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	NOT NULL	Vehicle year
PurchaseStatus	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	9	NOT NULL	Purchase status (new, pre-owned)
VehiclePrice	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(9,2)	NOT NULL	Vehicle price value
DownPayment	Decimal Number	DEC (X, Y)	(9,2)	NOT NULL	Down payment
VehicleTypeID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of vehicle type (Foreign Key of VEHICLE_TYPE table)

VEHICLE_TYPE					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
VehicleTypeID	Number	NUMBER (X)	2	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a vehicle_type instance
VehicleTypeDesc	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	30	NOT NULL	Vehicle type description

STUDENT					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
SLoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a student loan instance (Foreign Key of LOAN table)
SchoolName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	NOT NULL	School name
Number-Street	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	100	NOT NULL	School address number and street name
City	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	City/Town name
State	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	State/Province name
Zip	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	10	NOT NULL	Zip/Postal code
Country	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	75	NOT NULL	Country name
AcademicPeriod	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	50	NOT NULL	Academic period

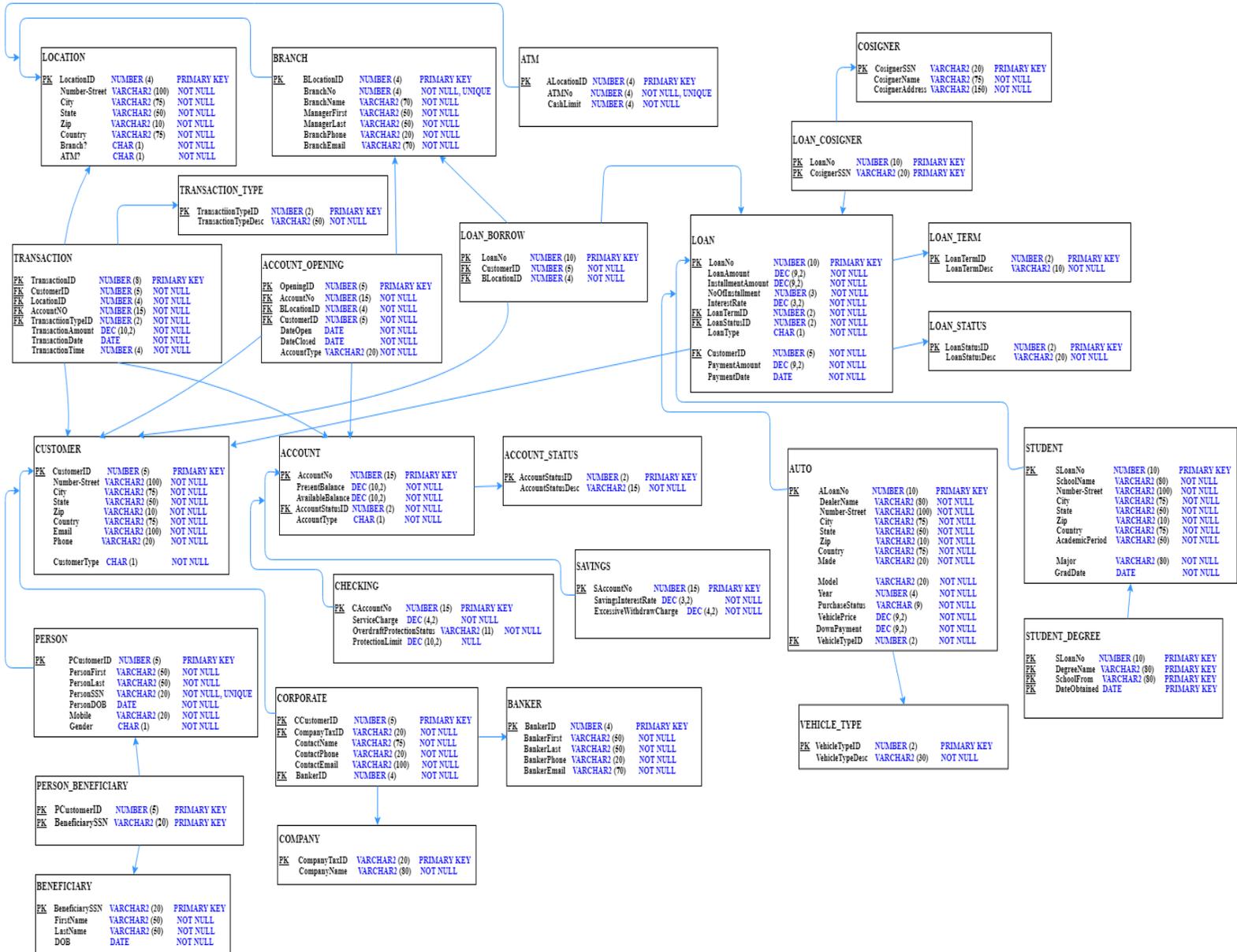
Major	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	NOT NULL	Academic major
GradDate	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY	NOT NULL	Estimated graduation date

STUDENT_DEGREE					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
SLoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Foreign Key of STUDENT table
DegreeName	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	Primary Key	Degree name
SchoolFrom	Variable Character	VARCHAR2 (X)	80	Primary Key	School student graduated from
DateObtained	Date	DATE	MM/DD/YY	Primary Key	Date student obtained degree

LOAN_BORROW					
Attribute Name	Data Type	Oracle Data Type	Length/Size /Format	Constraints	Description
LoanNo	Number	NUMBER (X)	10	Primary Key	Unique identifier for a loan_borrow instance (Foreign Key of LOAN table)
CustomerID	Number	NUMBER (X)	5	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of customer who borrowed (Foreign Key of CUSTOMER table)
BLocationID	Number	NUMBER (X)	4	Foreign Key NOT NULL	ID of branch that handled (Foreign Key of BRANCH table)

Design Phase – Physical Data Model Diagram

This phase will refer to the Data Dictionary created in previous step and convert the Normalized Logical Model to a Physical Model. The deliverable is shown below.



Development & Implementation Phase – Implementation of Physical Model

In this phase, the entire physical design will be implemented into Oracle database by creating tables and relationships using a script file containing all the CREATE TABLE statements as shown below.

```
CREATE TABLE Location
```

```
(  
  LocationID  NUMBER(4)  PRIMARY KEY,  
  Number_Street VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,  
  City        VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,  
  State       VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,  
  Zip         VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,  
  Country     VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,  
  BranchYN    CHAR(1)    NOT NULL,  
  ATMYN       CHAR(1)    NOT NULL
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Branch
```

```
(  
  BLocationID  NUMBER(4)  PRIMARY KEY,  
  BranchNo     NUMBER(4)  NOT NULL UNIQUE,  
  BranchName   VARCHAR2(70) NOT NULL,  
  ManagerFirst VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,  
  ManagerLast  VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,  
  BranchPhone  VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,  
  BranchEmail  VARCHAR2(70)  NOT NULL,  
  CONSTRAINT BLocationID_FK FOREIGN KEY (BLocationID) REFERENCES Location(LocationID)
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE ATM
```

```
(  
  ALocationID  NUMBER(4)  PRIMARY KEY,  
  ATMNo        NUMBER(4)  NOT NULL,  
  CashLimit    NUMBER(4)  NOT NULL,  
  CONSTRAINT ALocationID_FK FOREIGN KEY (ALocationID) REFERENCES Location(LocationID),  
  CONSTRAINT ATMNo_Unique UNIQUE (ATMNo)
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Customer
```

```
(  
  CustomerID  NUMBER(5)  PRIMARY KEY,  
  Number_Street VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,  
  City        VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,  
  State       VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,  
  Zip         VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,  
  Country     VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,  
  Email       VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,  
  Phone       VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,  
  CustomerType CHAR(1)  NOT NULL
```

```
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Person
```

```
(  
  PCustomerID  NUMBER(5)  PRIMARY KEY,  
  PersonFirst  VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,  
  PersonLast   VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
```

```

PersonSSN    VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
PersonDOB    DATE        NOT NULL,
Mobile       VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
Gender       CHAR(1)     NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT PCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (PCustomerID) REFERENCES Customer(CustomerID),
CONSTRAINT PersonSSN_Unique UNIQUE (PersonSSN)
);
CREATE TABLE Beneficiary
(
BeneficiarySSN VARCHAR2(20) PRIMARY KEY,
FirstName      VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
LastName       VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
DOB            DATE        NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Person_Beneficiary
(
PCustomerID    NUMBER(5),
BeneficiarySSN VARCHAR2(20),
CONSTRAINT PersonBeneficiary_PK PRIMARY KEY (PCustomerID,BeneficiarySSN),
CONSTRAINT PBCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (PCustomerID) REFERENCES Person(PCustomerID),
CONSTRAINT BeneficiarySSN_FK FOREIGN KEY (BeneficiarySSN) REFERENCES Beneficiary(BeneficiarySSN)
);
CREATE TABLE Company
(
CompanyTaxID   VARCHAR2(20) PRIMARY KEY,
CompanyName    VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Banker
(
BankerID       NUMBER(4) PRIMARY KEY,
BankerFirst    VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
BankerLast     VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
BankerPhone    VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
BankerEmail    VARCHAR2(70) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Corporate
(
CCustomerID    NUMBER(5) PRIMARY KEY,
CompanyTaxID   VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
ContactName    VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
ContactPhone   VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
ContactEmail   VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,
BankerID       NUMBER(4) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT CCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CCustomerID) REFERENCES Customer(CustomerID),
CONSTRAINT CompanyTaxID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CompanyTaxID) REFERENCES Company(CompanyTaxID),
CONSTRAINT BankerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (BankerID) REFERENCES Banker (BankerID)
);
CREATE TABLE Account_Status
(
AccountStatusID NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
AccountStatusDesc VARCHAR2(15) NOT NULL
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE Account
(
  AccountNo    NUMBER(15)    PRIMARY KEY,
  PresentBalance DEC(10,2)    NOT NULL,
  AvailableBalance DEC(10,2) NOT NULL,
  AccountStatusID NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
  AccountType CHAR(1)        NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT AccountStatusID_FK FOREIGN KEY (AccountStatusID) REFERENCES Account_Status
(AccountStatusID)
);
CREATE TABLE Checking
(
  CAccountNo    NUMBER(15)    PRIMARY KEY,
  ServiceCharge DEC(4,2)      NOT NULL,
  OverdraftProtectionStatus VARCHAR2(11) NOT NULL,
  ProtectionLimit DEC(10,2)   NULL,
  CONSTRAINT CAccountNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (CAccountNo) REFERENCES Account (AccountNo)
);
CREATE TABLE Savings
(
  SAccountNo    NUMBER(15)    PRIMARY KEY,
  SavingsInterestRate DEC(3,2) NOT NULL,
  ExcessiveWithdrawCharge DEC(4,2) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT SAccountNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (SAccountNo) REFERENCES Account (AccountNo)
);
CREATE TABLE Account_Opening
(
  OpeningID    NUMBER(5)      PRIMARY KEY,
  AccountNo    NUMBER(15)     NOT NULL,
  BLocationID  NUMBER(4)      NOT NULL,
  CustomerID   NUMBER(5)      NOT NULL,
  DateOpen     DATE           NOT NULL,
  DateClosed   DATE           NOT NULL,
  AccountType  VARCHAR2(20)   NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT OAccountNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (AccountNo) REFERENCES Account (AccountNo),
  CONSTRAINT OBLocationID_FK FOREIGN KEY (BLocationID) REFERENCES Branch (BLocationID),
  CONSTRAINT OCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customer (CustomerID)
);
CREATE TABLE Transaction_Type
(
  TransactionTypeID NUMBER(2) PRIMARY KEY,
  TransactionTypeDesc VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Transaction
(
  TransactionID NUMBER(8) PRIMARY KEY,
  CustomerID    NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
  LocationID    NUMBER(4) NOT NULL,
  AccountNo     NUMBER(15) NOT NULL,
  TransactionTypeID NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
  TransactionAmount DEC(10,2) NOT NULL,
  TransactionDate DATE NOT NULL,

```

```

TransactionTime  NUMBER(4)  NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT TAccountNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (AccountNo) REFERENCES Account (AccountNo),
CONSTRAINT TLocationID_FK FOREIGN KEY (LocationID) REFERENCES Location (LocationID),
CONSTRAINT TCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customer (CustomerID),
CONSTRAINT TransactionType_FK FOREIGN KEY (TransactionTypeID) REFERENCES
Transaction_Type(TransactionTypeID)
);
CREATE TABLE Loan_Term
(
  LoanTermID      NUMBER(2)  PRIMARY KEY,
  LoanTermDesc    VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Loan_Status
(
  LoanStatusID    NUMBER(2)  PRIMARY KEY,
  LoanTermDesc    VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Loan
(
  LoanNo          NUMBER(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  LoanAmount      DEC(9,2)  NOT NULL,
  InstallmentAmount DEC(9,2) NOT NULL,
  NoOfInstallment NUMBER(3)  NOT NULL,
  InterestRate    DEC(3,2)  NOT NULL,
  LoanTermID      NUMBER(2)  NOT NULL,
  LoanStatusID    NUMBER(2)  NOT NULL,
  LoanType        CHAR(1)    NOT NULL,
  CustomerID      NUMBER(5)  NOT NULL,
  PaymentAmount   DEC(9,2)  NOT NULL,
  PaymentDate     DATE       NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT LCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customer (CustomerID),
  CONSTRAINT LoanTermID_FK FOREIGN KEY (LoanTermID) REFERENCES Loan_Term (LoanTermID),
  CONSTRAINT LoanStatus_FK FOREIGN KEY (LoanStatusID) REFERENCES Loan_Status (LoanStatusID)
);
CREATE TABLE Cosigner
(
  CosignerSSN     VARCHAR2(20) PRIMARY KEY,
  CosignerName    VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
  CosignerAddress VARCHAR2(150) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE Loan_Cosigner
(
  LoanNo          NUMBER(10),
  CosignerSSN     VARCHAR2(20),
  CONSTRAINT LoanCosigner_PK PRIMARY KEY (LoanNo,CosignerSSN),
  CONSTRAINT LCosignerSSN_FK FOREIGN KEY (CosignerSSN) REFERENCES Cosigner (CosignerSSN),
  CONSTRAINT LCLoanNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (LoanNo) REFERENCES Loan (LoanNo)
);
CREATE TABLE Vehicle_Type
(
  VehicleTypeID   NUMBER(2)  PRIMARY KEY,
  VehicleTypeDesc VARCHAR2(30) NOT NULL

```

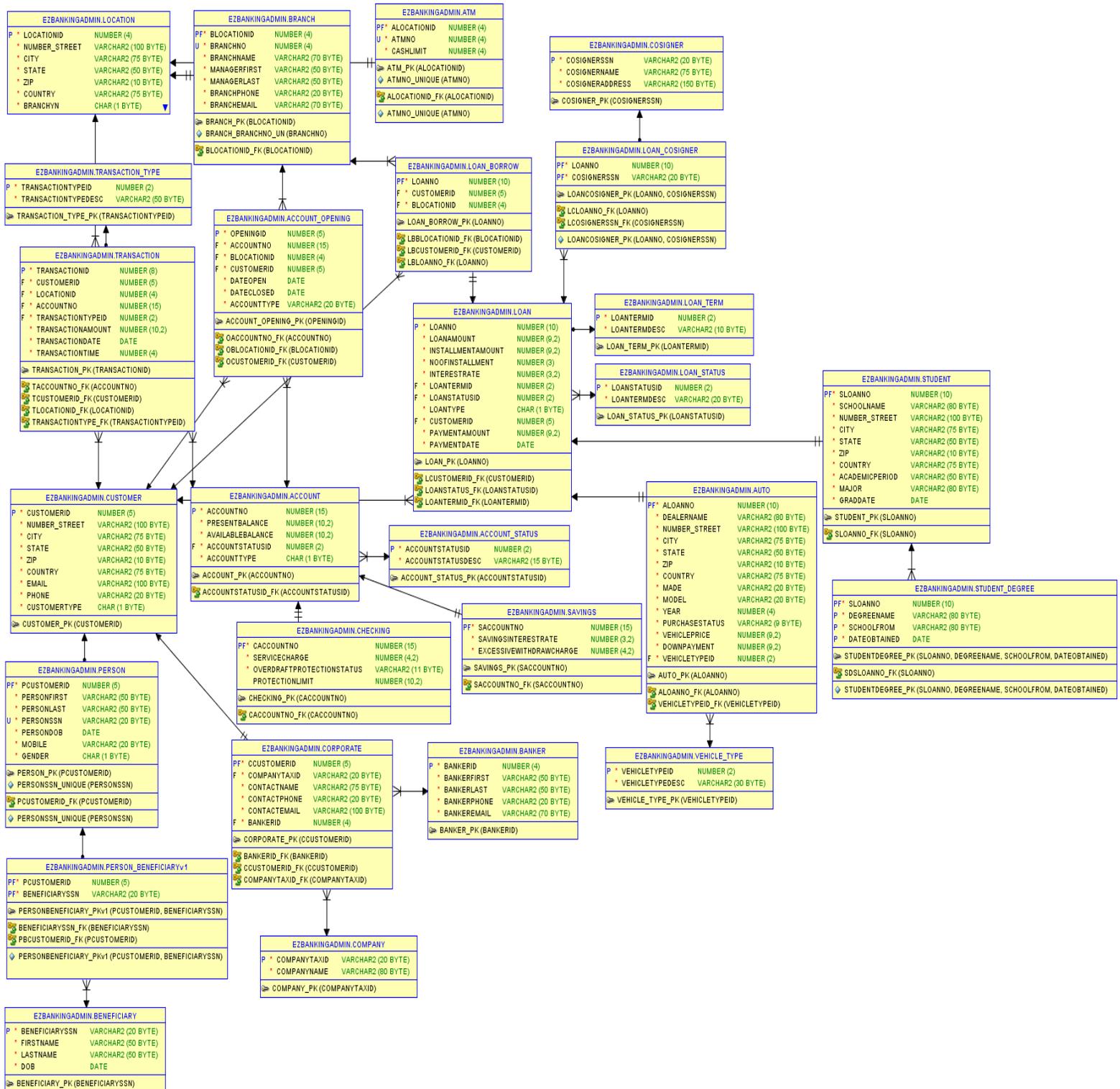
```

);
CREATE TABLE Auto
(
  ALoanNo    NUMBER(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  DealerName  VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL,
  Number_Street VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,
  City       VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
  State      VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
  Zip        VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  Country    VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
  Made       VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  Model      VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  Year       NUMBER(4) NOT NULL,
  PurchaseStatus VARCHAR2(9) NOT NULL,
  VehiclePrice DEC(9,2) NOT NULL,
  DownPayment DEC(9,2) NOT NULL,
  VehicleTypeID NUMBER(2) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT ALoanNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (ALoanNo) REFERENCES Loan (LoanNo),
  CONSTRAINT VehicleTypeID_FK FOREIGN KEY (VehicleTypeID) REFERENCES Vehicle_Type (VehicleTypeID)
);
CREATE TABLE Student
(
  SLoanNo    NUMBER(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  SchoolName  VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL,
  Number_Street VARCHAR2(100) NOT NULL,
  City       VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
  State      VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
  Zip        VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  Country    VARCHAR2(75) NOT NULL,
  AcademicPeriod VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
  Major      VARCHAR2(80) NOT NULL,
  GradDate   DATE NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT SLoanNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (SLoanNo) REFERENCES Loan (LoanNo)
);
CREATE TABLE Student_Degree
(
  SLoanNo    NUMBER(10),
  DegreeName  VARCHAR2(80),
  SchoolFrom  VARCHAR2(80),
  DateObtained DATE,
  CONSTRAINT StudentDegree_PK PRIMARY KEY (SLoanNo,DegreeName,SchoolFrom,DateObtained),
  CONSTRAINT SDSLoanNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (SLoanNo) REFERENCES Student (SLoanNo)
);
CREATE TABLE Loan_Borrow
(
  LoanNo     NUMBER(10) PRIMARY KEY,
  CustomerID NUMBER(5) NOT NULL,
  BLocationID NUMBER(4) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT LBBLocationID_FK FOREIGN KEY (BLocationID) REFERENCES Branch (BLocationID),
  CONSTRAINT LBCustomerID_FK FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customer (CustomerID),
  CONSTRAINT LBLoanNo_FK FOREIGN KEY (LoanNo) REFERENCES Loan(LoanNo));

```

Implementation Phase – Table Schema Diagram

This phase will generate a table diagram of the Physical Model that was created before in SQL Developer. The deliverable is shown below.



Implementation Phase – Testing and Validation

In this phase, a SQL script file will be created to test the banking transaction scenario including Insert, Select, Update, and Delete queries.

Tables participated in transaction scenario are Customer, Account, Location and Transaction (Note that Account_Status and Transaction_Type tables are required before inserting records into Account and Transaction tables).

INSERT STATEMENT

1. The following queries insert five records into Customer table.

```
INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID,Number_Street,City,State,Zip,Country,Email,Phone,CustomerType)
VALUES
(1111,'369 E 45th St','New York','NY','10018','United States','jsmith@gmail.com','347-569-2784','O');
```

```
INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID,Number_Street,City,State,Zip,Country,Email,Phone,CustomerType)
VALUES
(101,'26 56th St','Brooklyn','NY','11210','United States','mary123@gmail.com','718-593-9273','P');
```

```
INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID,Number_Street,City,State,Zip,Country,Email,Phone,CustomerType)
VALUES
(2345,'10-123 Main Street','Montreal','QC','H3Z 2Y7','Canada','joneLee@yahoo.com','339-579-3938','P');
```

```
INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID,Number_Street,City,State,Zip,Country,Email,Phone,CustomerType)
VALUES
(333,'433-56 5th Ave','Toronto','ON','M3C 0S3','Canada','syounng@yahoo.com','629-379-478','C');
```

```
INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID,Number_Street,City,State,Zip,Country,Email,Phone,CustomerType)
VALUES
(35634,'46 Ave A','Flushing','NY','11355','United States','michaelK@icloud.com','917-479-424','O');
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query execution interface. The query entered is "Select * from Customer;". The result set is displayed in a table with the following columns: CUSTOMERID, NUMBER_STREET, CITY, STATE, ZIP, COUNTRY, EMAIL, PHONE, and CUSTOMERTYPE. The first row of the result set is:

CUSTOMERID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	EMAIL	PHONE	CUSTOMERTYPE
1	1111 369 E 45th St	New York	NY	10018	United States	jsmith@gmail.com	347-569-2784	O

```

INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID, Number_Street, City, State, Zip, Country, Email, Phone, CustomerType)
VALUES
(333, '433-56 5th Ave', 'Toronto', 'ON', 'M3C 0S3', 'Canada', 'syoung@yahoo.com', '629-379-478', 'C');

INSERT INTO Customer
(CustomerID, Number_Street, City, State, Zip, Country, Email, Phone, CustomerType)
VALUES
(35634, '46 Ave A', 'Flushing', 'NY', '11355', 'United States', 'michaelK@icloud.com', '917-479-424', 'O');

Select * from Customer;

```

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.004 seconds

CUSTOMERID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	EMAIL	PHONE	CUSTOMERTYPE
1	1111 369 E 45th St	New York	NY	10018	United States	jsmith@gmail.com	347-569-2784	O
2	101 26 56th St	Brooklyn	NY	11210	United States	mary123@gmail.com	718-593-9273	P
3	2345 10-123 Main Street	Montreal	QC	H3Z 2Y7	Canada	joneLee@yahoo.com	339-579-3938	P
4	333 433-56 5th Ave	Toronto	ON	M3C 0S3	Canada	syoung@yahoo.com	629-379-478	C
5	35634 46 Ave A	Flushing	NY	11355	United States	michaelK@icloud.com	917-479-424	O

2. The following queries insert five records into Account_Status table.

```

INSERT INTO Account_Status
(ACCOUNTSTATUSID, ACCOUNTSTATUSDESC)
VALUES
(1, 'Opened');

```

```

INSERT INTO Account_Status
(ACCOUNTSTATUSID, ACCOUNTSTATUSDESC)
VALUES
(2, 'Closed');

```

```

INSERT INTO Account_Status
(ACCOUNTSTATUSID, ACCOUNTSTATUSDESC)
VALUES
(3, 'Suspended');

```

```

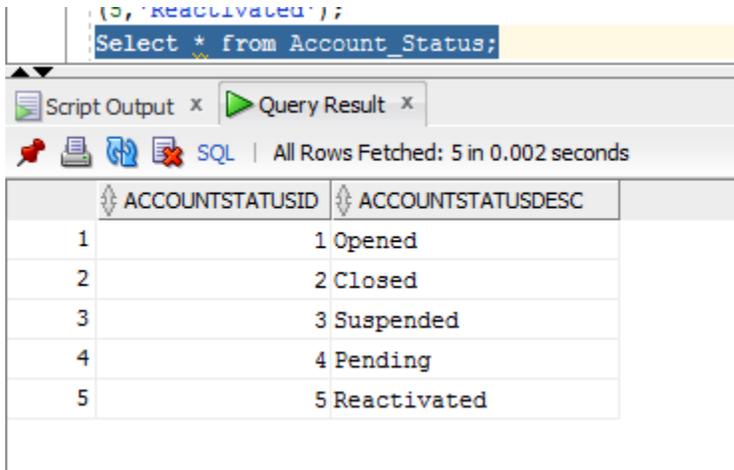
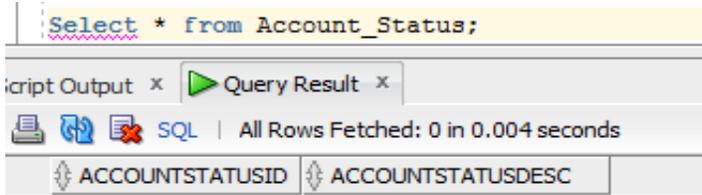
INSERT INTO Account_Status
(ACCOUNTSTATUSID, ACCOUNTSTATUSDESC)
VALUES
(4, 'Pending');

```

```

INSERT INTO Account_Status
(ACCOUNTSTATUSID, ACCOUNTSTATUSDESC)
VALUES
(5, 'Reactivated');

```



3. The following queries insert five records into Transaction table.

```
INSERT INTO Transaction
(TransactionID, CustomerID, LocationID, AccountNo, TransactionTypeID, TransactionAmount, TransactionDate, TransactionTime)
VALUES
(679, 1111, 101, 3395, 5, 300.00, to_date('01282018', 'MMDDYYYY'), 1748);
```

```
INSERT INTO Transaction
(TransactionID, CustomerID, LocationID, AccountNo, TransactionTypeID, TransactionAmount, TransactionDate, TransactionTime)
VALUES
(739, 101, 222, 2957, 4, 0.00, to_date('12232017', 'MMDDYYYY'), 1529);
```

```
INSERT INTO Transaction
(TransactionID, CustomerID, LocationID, AccountNo, TransactionTypeID, TransactionAmount, TransactionDate, TransactionTime)
VALUES
(5982, 2345, 927, 9058, 3, 20.00, to_date('03222018', 'MMDDYYYY'), 1120);
```

```
INSERT INTO Transaction
(TransactionID, CustomerID, LocationID, AccountNo, TransactionTypeID, TransactionAmount, TransactionDate, TransactionTime)
VALUES
(2742, 1111, 101, 9058, 2, 100.00, to_date('05262018', 'MMDDYYYY'), 2053);
```

```
INSERT INTO Transaction
```

(TransactionID, CustomerID, LocationID, AccountNo, TransactionTypeID, TransactionAmount, TransactionDate, TransactionTime)
VALUES
(2492, 333, 274, 6903, 1, 0.00, to_date('03122017', 'MMDDYYYY'), 1240);

TRANSACTIONID	CUSTOMERID	LOCATIONID	ACCOUNTNO	TRANSACTIONTYPEID	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE	TRANSACTIONTIME
1	2742	1111	101	9058	2	100 26-MAY-18	2053
2	2492	333	274	6903	1	0 12-MAR-17	1240
3	5982	2345	927	9058	3	20 22-MAR-18	1120
4	739	101	222	2957	4	0 23-DEC-17	1529
5	679	1111	101	3395	5	300 28-JAN-18	1748

SELECT STATEMENT

1. The following query returns information of customer with id = 101.

```
SELECT *
FROM Customer
Where CustomerID = 101;
```

CUSTOMERID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	EMAIL	PHONE	CUSTOMERTYPE
1	101 26 56th St	Brooklyn NY	11210	United States	mary123@gmail.com	718-593-9273	P	

2. The following query returns information of all checking accounts.

```
SELECT *
FROM Account
WHERE AccountType = 'C';
```

ACCOUNTNO	PRESENTBALANCE	AVAILABLEBALANCE	ACCOUNTSTATUSID	ACCOUNTTYPE
1	375070	3759.02	3759.02	1 C
2	9058	469	248	1 C

3. The following query returns the id, country, account present balance and transaction information of a customer.

```
SELECT Transaction.CustomerID, Customer.Country, ACCOUNT.PRESENTBALANCE,
TRANSACTION_TYPE.TRANSACTIONTYPEDESC,
TRANSACTION.TRANSACTIONAMOUNT, TRANSACTION.TRANSACTIONDATE
FROM Customer, Account, Transaction_Type, Transaction
WHERE TRANSACTION.CUSTOMERID = 2345 AND Transaction.CUSTOMERID = Customer.CUSTOMERID
AND Transaction.AccountNo = Account.ACCOUNTNO AND Transaction.TRANSACTIONTYPEID =
```

Transaction_Type.TRANSACTIONTYPEID;

Script Output x Query Result x
SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.003 seconds

	CUSTOMERID	COUNTRY	PRESENTBALANCE	TRANSACTIONTYPEDESC	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE
1	2345	Canada	469	Checking-Withdraw	20	22-MAR-18

UPDATE STATEMENT

1. The following query updates the location (with location id = 274) with a new address and a new location type.

UPDATE Location

SET NUMBER_STREET = '12103 Shallot St',

CITY = 'Montreal',

STATE = 'QC',

ZIP = 'Y48 M3H',

COUNTRY = 'Canada',

BRANCHYN = 'N',

ATMYN = 'N'

WHERE LOCATIONID = 274;

Script Output x Query Result x
SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.003 seconds

	LOCATIONID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	BRANCHYN	ATMYN
1	101	17 South Park Ln	New York	NY	10023	United States	Y	Y
2	222	482 US Highway	Miami	FL	33004	United States	N	Y
3	2385	1230 S Main St	Orlanda	FL	38958	United States	Y	Y
4	927	15 Highway Ln	Duluth	GA	33048	United States	N	Y
5	274	3759 Overseas Highway	Key West	FL	38573	United States	Y	Y

Script Output x Query Result x
SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.003 seconds

	LOCATIONID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	BRANCHYN	ATMYN
1	101	17 South Park Ln	New York	NY	10023	United States	Y	Y
2	222	482 US Highway	Miami	FL	33004	United States	N	Y
3	2385	1230 S Main St	Orlanda	FL	38958	United States	Y	Y
4	927	15 Highway Ln	Duluth	GA	33048	United States	N	Y
5	274	12103 Shallot St	Montreal	QC	Y48 M3H	Canada	N	N

2. The following query updates the transaction record (with transaction id = 739) with a new transaction type and a new transaction amount.

UPDATE Transaction

SET TRANSACTIONTYPEID = 5,

TRANSACTIONAMOUNT = 200.00
 WHERE TRANSACTIONID = 739;

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.004 seconds

TRANSACTIONID	CUSTOMERID	LOCATIONID	ACCOUNTNO	TRANSACTIONTYPEID	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE	TRANSACTIONTIME
1	2742	1111	101	9058	2	100 26-MAY-18	2053
2	2492	333	274	6903	1	0 12-MAR-17	1240
3	5982	2345	927	9058	3	20 22-MAR-18	1120
4	739	101	222	2957	4	0 23-DEC-17	1529
5	679	1111	101	3395	5	300 28-JAN-18	1748

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.001 seconds

TRANSACTIONID	CUSTOMERID	LOCATIONID	ACCOUNTNO	TRANSACTIONTYPEID	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE	TRANSACTIONTIME
1	2742	1111	101	9058	2	100 26-MAY-18	2053
2	2492	333	274	6903	1	0 12-MAR-17	1240
3	5982	2345	927	9058	3	20 22-MAR-18	1120
4	739	101	222	2957	5	200 23-DEC-17	1529
5	679	1111	101	3395	5	300 28-JAN-18	1748

DELETE STATEMENT

- The following query deletes the customer with customer id 35634 from the Customer table.

DELETE FROM Customer
 WHERE CustomerID = 35634;

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.003 seconds

CUSTOMERID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	EMAIL	PHONE	CUSTOMERTYPE
1	1111 369 E 45th St	New York	NY	10018	United States	jsmith@gmail.com	347-569-2784	O
2	101 26 56th St	Brooklyn	NY	11210	United States	mary123@gmail.com	718-593-9273	P
3	2345 10-123 Main Street	Montreal	QC	H3Z 2Y7	Canada	joneLee@yahoo.com	339-579-3938	P
4	333 433-56 5th Ave	Toronto	ON	M3C 0S3	Canada	syoung@yahoo.com	629-379-478	C
5	35634 46 Ave A	Flushing	NY	11355	United States	michaelK@icloud.com	917-479-424	O

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.003 seconds

CUSTOMERID	NUMBER_STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTRY	EMAIL	PHONE	CUSTOMERTYPE
1	1111 369 E 45th St	New York	NY	10018	United States	jsmith@gmail.com	347-569-2784	O
2	101 26 56th St	Brooklyn	NY	11210	United States	mary123@gmail.com	718-593-9273	P
3	2345 10-123 Main Street	Montreal	QC	H3Z 2Y7	Canada	joneLee@yahoo.com	339-579-3938	P
4	333 433-56 5th Ave	Toronto	ON	M3C 0S3	Canada	syoung@yahoo.com	629-379-478	C

- The following query deletes the transaction record of transaction id 739 from the Transaction table.

DELETE FROM Transaction
 WHERE TransactionID = 739;

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.002 seconds

TRANSACTIONID	CUSTOMERID	LOCATIONID	ACCOUNTNO	TRANSACTIONTYPEID	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE	TRANSACTIONTIME
1	2742	1111	101	9058	2	100 26-MAY-18	2053
2	2492	333	274	6903	1	0 12-MAR-17	1240
3	5982	2345	927	9058	3	20 22-MAR-18	1120
4	739	101	222	2957	5	200 23-DEC-17	1529
5	679	1111	101	3395	5	300 28-JAN-18	1748

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 4 in 0.002 seconds

TRANSACTIONID	CUSTOMERID	LOCATIONID	ACCOUNTNO	TRANSACTIONTYPEID	TRANSACTIONAMOUNT	TRANSACTIONDATE	TRANSACTIONTIME
1	2742	1111	101	9058	2	100 26-MAY-18	2053
2	2492	333	274	6903	1	0 12-MAR-17	1240
3	5982	2345	927	9058	3	20 22-MAR-18	1120
4	679	1111	101	3395	5	300 28-JAN-18	1748